

METAL MARKET  
NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Lead quiet spot 7.19@7.25; zinc firm spot East St. Louis delivery 7.15@7.25, aBp silver foreign .65 1-8, American .90% Copper steady spot 13 3/4% 14.

# The Bisbee Daily Review

COPPER PRICES  
Average month of October.....13652  
Average week ending 11-1-22.....13562  
Average week ending 11-29-22.....13625  
Close week ending 11-29-22.....13625  
Average for November.....13598

VOL. 26—NO. 290

BISBEE, ARIZONA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 6, 1922

Price Five Cents

## CLARA PHILLIPS MAKES ESCAPE FROM JAIL

### Progressives Get Action in Congress

#### HARDING STATES OPPOSITION TO NEW AMENDMENT

New Bloc Bumps Into White House Opposition at Outset of Campaign

#### GET FAVORABLE REPLY

Committee Hear Endorsement of Pending Ashurst Resolution for Amendment

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Members of the new progressive bloc in congress got into action today but at the very outset ran into White House opposition.

Led by Senator Norris, Republican, Nebraska, bloc members, sitting on the senate agricultural committee, obtained a favorable report from that committee for a constitutional amendment providing for abolition of the electoral college and for direct election of the president and vice president and for abolition of the long period of time usually elapsing between a congressional election and the regular meeting of the new congress. Such an amendment forms one of the planks in the platform adopted by the bloc at its organization meeting last week.

Opposition on the part of President Harding to any such change in the constitution was expressed by a White House spokesman soon after the senate agricultural committee resolution was laid before the senate and assigned to a place on the calendar of business. Some administration leaders in the senate likewise voiced their disapproval of the amendment and tonight it appeared that any efforts by the bloc to press the proposal might bring on action which would test the power of the progressive faction.

The proposed amendment would provide specifically that "the choice of each state for president and vice president shall be determined at a general election of the qualified electors of such states" thus permitting voters to

#### IMMIGRATION PROBLEMS UP AT CONCLAVE

Harding and Cabinet Delve Into Question of Maximum Emigrant Quotas

#### DAVIS PRESSES CHANGE

Would Retain Present Limitations But Advocates Higher Standard of Entrants

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The whole problem of immigration was discussed at length today by President Harding and his cabinet and it was indicated afterwards that this would be one of the subjects with which the executive would deal in his forthcoming annual message to congress.

While it was stated at the White House that Mr. Harding had made no decision as to policy at the cabinet meeting some administration officers were under the impression that Mr. Harding would propose continuation of the present restriction law with certain amendments sponsored by Secretary Davis and designed to raise the general standard of emigrants. Embarking for the United States. The labor secretary, it was said authoritatively, is opposed to any increase of the existing three per cent limitation, at least until the tide of immigration from northern and western Europe reaches the quota allowed by law. Thus far the number of immigrants coming from those sections have equalled only about 50 per cent of the authorized maximum. On the other hand officials pointed out, the inflow from southern Europe has reached the permitted maximum each year with many thousands of those in that section seeking to come to this country.

Amendments to the present law which Mr. Davis is having pressed hard would provide for an examination at embarkment ports of all immigrants aliens with particular reference to character and physical and mental conditions. There also would be a blood test. The examinations would be conducted by public health and immigration bureau officers stationed abroad.

The immigration problem as explained today presents many perplexing phases and any solution of it might have its effect on general economic conditions over the country. It was stated that unless a shortage of common labor could be relieved through immigration, there would be a tendency toward higher wages for this character of help with attendant increases in prices and also the inducement for farm hands to flock to the industrial centers. On the other hand, attention was called that a letting down of immigration bars might produce an over-abundance of labor, with resultant unemployment, a lowering of purchasing power.

#### Entente Ignores Russian's Attempt to Speak for Turks on Question of Dardanelles

LAUSANNE, Dec. 5.—(By The Associated Press)—The treaty makers at Lausanne devoted themselves today to an attempt to harmonize the divergent views of the various delegations; everybody seemed to realize that a few more hectic sessions like that of yesterday would break down the conference and postpone Near Eastern peace indefinitely.

The allied leaders held long consultations to frame a common project for dealing with the Dardanelles and are reported to have succeeded in drafting a proposal permitting warships to use the straits under international control.

The indications tonight are that the straits discussion will be resumed tomorrow when the entente countries will fall in with the Turkish suggestion and set forth their wishes. The allies seem determined to ignore the Russian attempt to speak for Turkey, and are determined also to convince the Russian representatives that bolshevik Russia is not dominating the straits discussion.

The fact that Ismet Pasha conferred with the allied leaders helped to strengthen the impression that if the conference is not yet out of danger, it at least is not yet on the rocks.

Another feature of the day was the pope's intervention in behalf of the Christians in Constantinople.

#### APPOINT HEALY IRISH GOVERNOR

All That Is Now Lacking to Make Ireland Free State Is Signature of King

LONDON, Dec. 5.—(By The Associated Press)—The Irish constitution became law of the land this afternoon, when, following the ancient ceremony of responding to a summons from "The Black Rod," the speaker of the house of commons headed a procession of the members of the lower house to the upper chamber of parliament to hear the king's assent to the two Irish bills—the constitution and the consequential provisions bills—read by a royal commission.

Immediately after the ceremony, announcement was made of the appointment of Timothy Healy, a native born Irishman, famous as a parliamentarian and lawyer, as the first governor general of the Irish free state.

The entire ceremony took only a few minutes. The constitution bill had passed both houses of parliament unanimously and unamended. The consequential provisions bill had been subjected to minor amendments in the upper chamber, but these were agreed to by the lower house.

King George will make a special journey from Sandringham tomorrow to hold a privy council in Buckingham palace, at which he will sign a proclamation declaring the adoption of the Irish constitution by the British and Irish parliaments. The constitution will come into operation immediately on the issue of the proclamation.

#### HARDING DEFERS ANNUAL MESSAGE

President Breaks Precedent; Pressure of Business Is Believed Responsible

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—A precedent established early in the history of the republic was broken by President Harding today when he failed to deliver his annual message to congress, which was convened in regular session yesterday. It has been the custom for the chief executives to deliver their messages in person or in writing on either first or second day of a session, and, according to officials at the capitol, the only time this practice has been broken heretofore was in 1855 when President Pierce deferred his message until the last day in December because of the inability of the house to organize. At that session it required 133 ballots for the house to elect its speaker.

Pressure of public business was believed to be in part responsible for the delay but there were also intimations that the president because of recent official discussions, felt it would be a part of wisdom to give a few more days study to certain questions.

There was a suggestion that among these questions was a plan for legislation to aid the farmers. The president discussed this subject last week with Senator Watson of Indiana and a dozen other Republican senators and it was believed possible that this program had not been worked out in all details and that more time would be required to put it in regular form.

#### TIGER VISITS PRESIDENT AT WHITE HOUSE

Meeting Described as Social Call; No Discussion of American Participation

#### DEFERS VISIT TO WILSON

President Said to Rejoice That U. S. Had Not Assumed Mandates in Turkey

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—(By The Associated Press)—Georges Clemenceau visited the White house today and talked with President Harding for 40 minutes. But the subject nearest his heart—America's participation in European affairs—did not come up.

The visit was described at the White house as merely a social call of courtesy at which it was said serious problems of state were not discussed.

The Tiger said tonight it was "a delightful visit" during which he gave the president his views about European conditions in general. He emphasized that he did not ask the president for any assurances, pointing out that he was merely a private citizen of France, and asserting he had gone to "preach to the president, but to pay my regards."

If Clemenceau's picture of conditions overseas had any effect on the administration's foreign policies it was not indicated in comment at the White house later. With respect to the Lausanne conference on the Near East, full participation in which has been suggested by Clemenceau, the president was said to feel that every proper influence of this government—and this influence was described as great—already was being exerted in a manner believed to be in harmony with the best judgement of the world statesmen who were fully in touch with the situation.

As to the question of American mandates over territory once a part of the Ottoman empire, the president was said to "rejoice" that the United States had not assumed such a responsibility. The executive was re-

#### Flees Prison Cell



MRS. CLARA PHILLIPS

#### PREMIER WOULD RESIGN OFFICE

Spanish Deputies Come to Blows in Dispute Over Moroccan Reverses

MADRID, Dec. 5.—(By The Associated Press)—Guerra presented the resignation of his ministry today for the second time in four days, the crisis growing out of the continued endeavors to place responsibility for the Spanish reverse in Morocco in July, 1921.

There were exciting scenes in the chamber after the debate was suspended owing to the departure of the premier for the palace. The deputies of the opposing factions engaged in loud disputes, some times coming to blows as there was much shouting from the crowded galleries.

The socialist deputies raised anti-monarchic cries, while the conservatives replied with: "Long live the king!" The police endeavored to eject the disturbers, but were offered resistance.

In the senate, General Berenguer, former Spanish high commissioner in Morocco made a sensational speech in which he declared that when he took over the command in Morocco on July 27, 1921 he made himself responsible for everything that occurred in the Melilla zone.

He pleaded with the senate to accede to the demand for his impeachment, saying if anyone was to be held responsible and liable to punishment he ought to be that one. He concluded that he was ready to sacrifice himself for the nation.

#### HUSBAND MAKES DENIAL OF ANY COMPLICITY IN WIFE'S ESCAPE

Prisoner Saws Through Steel Bars Guarding Cell, Escaping Over Roof Tops

#### PHOENIX POLICE WIRED

Closed Car, in Which Clara Fleed Believed Headed for Phoenix; Patrol Roads

PHOENIX, Ariz., Dec. 5.—Sheriff Montgomery of Maricopa county tonight announced he had received a telegram from Sheriff Trager in Los Angeles asking him to keep a sharp lookout for Mrs. Clara Phillips who escaped from the Los Angeles county jail this morning and who, according to the telegram, is believed to be headed for Mexico via Phoenix and Tucson, Ariz., in an automobile.

A second telegram received later tonight by Sheriff Montgomery stated that the fugitive was expected to arrive in the vicinity of Phoenix about midnight and described the closed car in which she is believed to be making her getaway.

At midnight four automobiles loaded with deputies and police officers were patrolling the two roads leading into Phoenix but no report of the fugitive had been received at headquarters.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 5.—Armour L. Phillips, whose wife, Clara Phillips, convicted murderer, escaped from the Los Angeles county jail last night, appeared at the office of her attorney late today and sent word to the sheriff's office he was ready to be interviewed about the escape.

Phillips later made a statement in which he said he knew nothing about the escape or where his wife had gone. He gave a detailed account of movements for the past 24 hours.

Officials said some time after talking with Phillips, that they had obtained information, "which cast doubt" upon at least a part of his "detailed statements" to them of his movements yesterday.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 5.—Mrs. Clara Phillips, a young woman under sentence to serve from 10 years to life imprisonment in the state penitentiary for the murder of Mrs. Alberta Meadows, early today escaped from the Los Angeles county jail. The escape was so well planned and quietly executed that it remained unknown for more than six hours.

Mrs. Phillips after effecting her escape with the aid of 3 or 4 persons outside the jail, apparently went in an automobile, with those who aided her and disappeared from sight.

Three steel bars guarding the window in her cell were sawed through from the inside. Then a square of heavy mesh netting was cut out, and through the two foot opening thus formed, the young woman climbed and made her way over adjacent roofs of other parts of the jail, down through a trap door, and out to where liberty and an automobile awaited her.

The sheriff despatched deputies to points along the western part of the northern boundary of Mexico.

He also caused the main roads out of Southern California to be guarded.

(Continued on Page Two)

#### Weather Report

ARIZONA: Wednesday fair south, rain or snow north portion, rising temperature Thursday; rain or snow north, possibly rain south portion; colder Thursday.  
NEW MEXICO: Wednesday fair, except rain or snow extreme northwest portion, rising temperature. Thursday fair south; local rain and warmer north portion.  
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: Rain.  
LOCAL WEATHER REPORT  
Readings made at 7 o'clock last night for preceding 24 hours:  
Lowest temperature 38. Highest 63.  
Precipitation .00 inches. Total this year 19.25 inches.  
Direction of wind: SW. Weather: Clear.  
Lowest temperature this month 38. Highest 64.  
Total precipitation to this date last year 17.37 inches.

19 DAYS TILL CHRISTMAS

LITTLE MARY USED TO LOAF  
MY, HOW SHE WOULD SHIRK  
NOW WITH CHRISTMAS COMING SHE  
IS DOING ALL THE WORK

### The 1922 Christmas Edition

Copy is now being prepared for the regular Christmas Edition of The Bisbee Daily Review. This number will be issued on Friday, December 15th, and will be placed in the hands of every reader in Cochise County.

Merchants are requested to plan to let us have their advertising copy for this edition by Saturday, December 9th.

The Bisbee Daily Review  
ADVERTISING DIVISION

### Day's Events in Washington

The nomination of Pierce Butler to be an associate justice of the supreme court was returned to the senate by President Harding.

Clemenceau called on President Harding and visited Lincoln memorial, Washington monument and the zoo but delivered no public addresses.

The Interstate Commerce Commission approved plans for the reorganization of the Missouri Kansas and Texas railroad, now in receivership.

Decline in the nation's birth rate and an increase in its death rate during the present year compared with 1921, was predicted to the census bureau.

Delegates to the Central American conference devoted the first business session to discussion of procedure, and agenda, and approved, subject to final adoption, rules similar to those of the Washington arms conference.

The Harding administration during its tenure, it was stated at the White House, will firmly oppose the acceptance by the United States of any mandates.

Secretary Fall in his annual report said additional funds were needed to permit the interior department to expand its program for the reclamation of arid lands.

Continuation of the Southern Pacific Central Pacific merger was opposed at the Interstate Commerce Commission hearing by Van Bernard representing the California Producers and Shippers association.

President Harding broke a precedent by permitting the second day of a new congressional session to

pass without delivering his message, but is was said, he planned to address congress later in the week.

Favorable report of a resolution to amend the constitution to permit direct election of the president, his inauguration in January and the convening of each new congress two months after the biennial elections was made by the senate agriculture committee.

President Harding and his cabinet discussed the immigration situation at length and it was indicated the executive might discuss the question from the standpoint of restriction in his forthcoming annual message to congress.

#### Coast Guard Cutter Wrecks Launch With Fire; Occupant Dies

SEATTLE, Dec. 5.—H. W. Thompson died today of wounds received last night when a launch in which he was riding was fired on by the coast guard cutter Arcata near Point No-Point, 19 miles north of here. The launch was suspected of being used in liquor smuggling.

The Arcata wrecked the launch with shells from a one-pound gun when the launch refused to stop. Sixty cases of liquor and a barrel of beer were confiscated and R. J. Thompson and Oscar Taylor, companions of H. W. Thompson, were arrested charged with liquor smuggling.

#### OPERATORS ARE AGREED ON PLAN

Predict Proposal Will Pave Way for Understanding With Miners' Leaders

CHICAGO, Dec. 5.—A plan of settlement, unanimously agreed upon by representatives of coal operators from 15 bituminous states here today will pave the way they predicted, for an understanding when they meet with the miners' representatives tomorrow which will lead to a wage settlement. While the details of the plan were not given out, operators intimated that they had enough concessions to make the plan attractive to John L. Lewis, mine union president.

The plan was first drafted by a committee composed of Charles O'Neill and J. H. Sanford, representing Pennsylvania operators; Hugh Shirley, Indiana; Rice Miller, Illinois; Harry Taylor, the southwest, and E. S. Brooks, Wyoming.

This committee first reported a plan operators said, based on district settlement, with the privilege of states grouping for any group settlement they might agree to, and carrying arbitration and a sliding scale of wages based on the market price of complete coal fields.

Following the submission of this, the committee was ordered to rephrase part of it but operators said little objection was voiced against the essential features of the plan and it is expected a plan along these lines will be submitted to Lewis and the miners' representatives tomorrow.

#### CALIFORNIANS URGE MERGER

Testimony of Western Opinion Concluded in Hearing of Espee Case

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The interstate Commerce Commission at its hearing on the Southern Pacific railroad application to retain control of the Central Pacific, today practically concluded the taking of testimony from witnesses called to demonstrate the attitude of western public opinion toward the continuation of unified operation of the two systems, which have been ordered by the supreme court to operate separately. Representatives of the Union Pacific railroad are expected to carry the proceedings to further stages tomorrow in opposing the Southern Pacific's appeal to the commission to sanction unified operation until it completes its general plan for consolidation of railroads.

Officials of the California Producers and Shippers association which was described as having been organized to support the separation order were the principal witnesses today. Van Bernard, chairman of the executive committee of the association, declared separation of the railroads would increase competition and thus result in more satisfactory facilities and car supplies to shippers. On cross examination by Fred H. Wood, attorney for the southern Pacific, Mr. Bernard said he was "getting wages" from the Union Pacific for his work with the organization and that this railroad was paying all expenses of the association. The expenditures, Mr. Wood sought to show, were heavy, involving the maintenance of headquarters in Washington, newspaper advertising and other publicity measures.